Constitution and adopt a new Party programme.
He invited several of the old Party members,
including Wang Ching-wei, who had not been consulted regarding the Soviet orientation, to attend.
Delegates to the number of 199 were present,
supposedly representing all the Provinces and Dependencies of China, though most of them had been
selected by Dr. Sun, when the Congress assembled.
Although tremendous opposition developed in some
quarters to Dr. Sun's reorganization plans, and his
pro-Russian policy, he succeded in imposing his
will on the Congress, The surrender to Moscow
was complete, with one exception : for the moment
the Party refused to identify itself with class-
warfare, and the confiscation of private property.
The Three Principles (Triple Demism) of Dr. Sun
were adopted as the Party Programme, and he was
nominated President for life, with the power to
veto the decisions of the Executive Committee.
The most far-reaching of the Congress's decisions
however, was its endorsement of the pro-Russian
policy, and the admission of communists to membership of the Kuomintang. Dr. Sun tried to gild the
pill by pretending that Russia had no intention
of forcing Soviet institutions upon, or spreading
communist propaganda in China, and

that communist members would immediately be expelled if they did not conform to this understanding. Several prominent members of the Party resigned when tlie decision to admit Communists was reached; others though opposed thereto, did not for the moment dare to break away.